

CORPORATIONS

REAL ESTATE DEVELOPERS, COMMERCIAL BUSINESS(ES), DOWNTOWN OFFICES

GOVERNMENT

UTAH STATE, UTAH LEGISLATURE, DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, SALT LAKE CITY

MORMON CHURCH

RELIGION FOR HALF OF ALL UTAHNS, LARGEST LANDHOLDER IN SALT LAKE CITY, \$100B ENDOWMENT (MORE THAN DOUBLE THAT OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH)

HEALTHCARE

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, HOSPITALS, REHABILITATION CENTERS

SOCIAL JUSTICE ACTIVISTS

TAKE SHELTER COALITION, PIONEER PARK COALITION, COMMUNITY ACTION SERVICES & FOOD BANK, HABITAT FOR HUMANITY

SUBSTANCE ABUSE

NIMBYISM

CRIMINALIZATION & INCARCERATION

EVICTIONS

UNAFFORDABLE HOUSING

CHARITABLE NONPROFITS

RESOURCE CENTERS, THE ROAD HOME, SHELTER THE HOMELESS, VOLUNTEERS OF AMERICA, CATHOLIC COMMUNITY SERVICES, CROSSROADS URBAN CENTER

THE HOUSED

RENTERS, HOME OWNERS

THE UNHOUSED



LAW ENFORCEMENT

JAPAN OR POMER & METURAL SALT LAKE CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT, "LAW AND ORDER" POLITICIANS

SCHOLARS & RESEARCHERS

SOCIAL SCIENTISTS, ACADEMICS, DATA COLLECTORS

MENTAL ILLNESS

STIGMA AGAINST HOMELESSNESS, MENTAL ILLNESS, DRUG ADDITION, LGBTQ+

LACK OF POLITICAL INFLUENCE

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

"THEY TORE DOWN THE ONE SHELTER THAT PRETTY MUCH HOUSED EVERY-THING. IF THEY HAD LEFT THAT UP AND THEN BUILT A COUPLE MORE WE WOULD HAVE HAD SOMETHING."

"PEOPLE SWARMING DOWN ON US BECAUSE THEY DON'T LIKE THE **NEGATIVITY OF THE HOMELESS-**NESS. WELL, THERE'S A LOT OF PEOPLE OUT HERE THAT NEED HELP, SO HELP THOSE PEOPLE IN-STEAD OF HURTING THEM."

YOU IN JAIL"

"WE HAVE TO SUBJECT OUR

CHILDREN TO SEEING DRUG USE

EVERYDAY AND VIOLENCE AND

POLICE AND AMBULANCES."

"YOU STRUGGLE FOR FOOD, YOU WORRY ABOUT THE COPS WHEN YOU'RE SLEEPING, YOU CAN'T REALLY SLEEP."

> "WE ENDED UP HOMELESS BE-CAUSE OF THE BAD SITUATION [MY HUSBAND] PUT US INTO."

"I'VE GOT MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES... BIPOLAR AND GENERAL ANXIETY DISORDER AND DEPRESSION... I TRY TO PUT THEM ON THE BACK BURNER."

"THERE'S A LOT OF APARTMENTS THAT'VE GONE UP, BEEN RAISED AND OPENED, BUT NONE OF THEM ARE LOW-INCOME HOUS-ING...PEOPLE LIKE ME, I'M ON DISABILITY. I CAN'T AFFORD \$1,000 A MONTH."

"I'VE GOT TO STAND OUT HERE AND DO THIS SHIT JUST TO EAT."

"WE ARE GOOD PEOPLE

IN A BAD SITUATION." "IF YOU PUT A TENT UP, THEY'LL THROW

"I'M 30 YEARS OLD AND I CAME DOWN HERE AFTER AN ABUSIVE RELATIONSHIP. I'M JUST OUT HERE STRUGGLING

LIKE EVERYONE ELSE."

WE ARE TRULY IN A ROUGH SITUATION AND IF IT WERE MY CHOICE WE WOULDN'T BE PAN-HANDLING. WE WOULDN'T BE HOMELESS, NO LESS. I'M DEAL-ING WITH IT THE BEST I CAN. I'M TAKING CARE OF THREE LITTLE GIRLS THE BEST I CAN."

"NOT ALL OF US ARE DRUGGIES. ...

"I AM A UNITED STATES 4 YEARS. I NOW LIVE ON THE STREETS OF

"I DON'T FEEL SAFE."

MARINE. I SERVED FOR SALT LAKE CITY."

EVENTS

3,131 PEOPLE ARE UNHOUSED IN SLC, UT (2020)

PATTERNS

20% SUFFER CHRONIC SUBSTANCE ABUSE

13% VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

31% SEVERELY MENTALLY ILL

80% OF EVICTIONS OCCUR IN MAJORITY BIPOC REGIONS

ARRESTS OF 5,000 UNHOUSED PEOPLE IN 14 MONTHS (DURING OPERATION RIO GRANDE)

REGULAR POLICE SWEEPS OVER LAST 5 YEARS

SYSTEM STRUCTURE

LEAST AFFORDABLE HOUSING MARKET IN USA

CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

TENUOUS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDING

CAPITALISM

RELIGIOUS CULTURE

MENTAL MODELS

PROSPERITY GOSPEL

"LAW AND ORDER" POLITICS

RELIGIOUS PERFECTIONISM

WHITE SUPREMACY

NOT IN MY BACKYARD (NIMBY)

AMERICAN INDIVIDUALISM

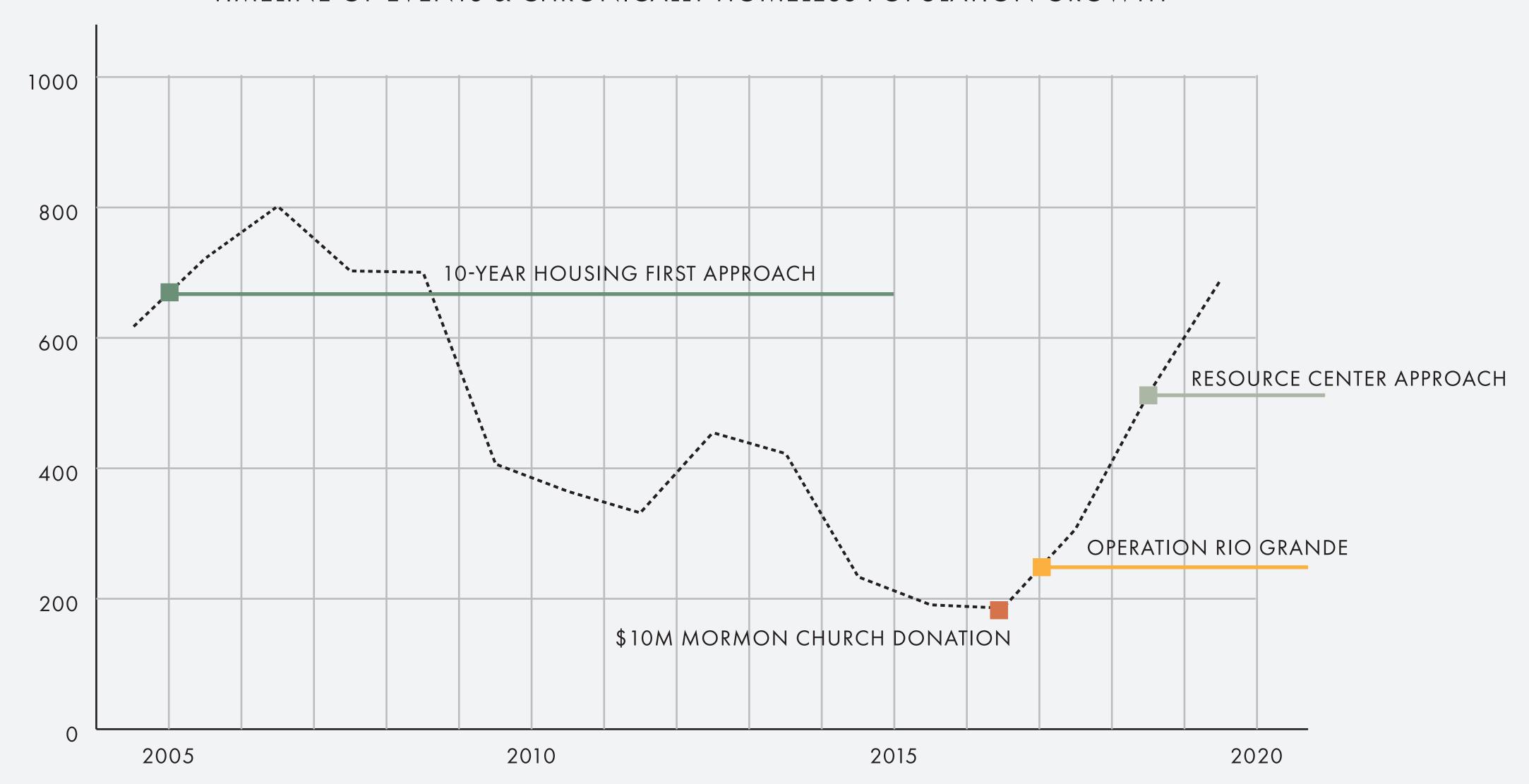
BOOTSTRAP IDEOLOGY

CONSERVATIVISM

COLONIALIZATION

HOMELESSNESS IN SALT LAKE CITY

TIMELINE OF EVENTS & CHRONICALLY HOMELESS POPULATION GROWTH



DETAILS OF EVENTS

"HOUSING FIRST" APPROACH

2005: "HOUSING FIRST" APPROACH BEGINS

2009: LAST AFFORDABLE HOUSING UNITS BUILT

2015: UTAH GARNERS NATIONAL POSITIVE MEDIA

FOR "FUNCTIONAL ZERO" STATUS OF

HOMELESSNESS

DONATION

2017: MORMON CHURCH DONATES \$10 MILLION TO SHELTER THE HOMELESS NONPROFIT TO SUPPORT RESOURCE CENTER CONSTRUCTION



OPERATION RIO GRANDE

2017: \$67 MILLION BUDGET OF TAXPAYER MONEY
STARTS WITH 3 PHASE PLAN, NEARLY 80%
SPENT ON PUNITIVE MEASURES
2018: ACLU UTAH PUBLISHES REPORTS ABOUT

FLAWS OF OPERATION RIO GRANDE

RESOURCE CENTER APPROACH

2019: RESOURCE CENTERS REPLACE SHELTERS AND
AFFORDABLE HOUSING APPROACH, DOWNTOWN
SHELTER IS PERMANENTLY CLOSED

2020: THREE RESOURCE CENTERS OPENED

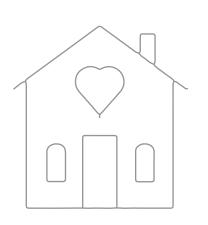
2021: SWEEPS CONTINUE AND UTAH LEGISLATURE
PROPOSES \$650,000 IN POLICE FUNDING
TO DEAL WITH UNHOUSED POPULATION.
HOMELESSNESS GOVERNMENTAL COUNCIL IS
FORMED AND UTAH'S FIRST FORMAL HOMELESSNESS
COORDINATOR POSITION IS FILLED

EXISTING SOLUTIONS LANDSCAPE



AFFORDABLE HOUSING

Utah took 10 years
developing a "housing first
approach" to shelter the
unhoused. This approach all
but came to a halt after
stakeholders realized
sustainable funding and more
holistic accompanying steps
would be needed to make this
approach a success. Today
Salt Lake has just one
affordable housing unit
specifically for the unhoused,
called Palmer's Court.



RESOURCE CENTERS

After failing to consistently maintain longer-term homeless shelters, or strategically plan for affordable housing units, Salt Lake has now turned to creating "resource centers" which provide short-term access to resting spots, and resources like food and water. So far, three resource shelters have been built and the "Housing First" model is no longer official policy, once again leaving the homeless population without a permanent solution to assist them.



PHILANTRHOPY

Salt Lake relies on semi-regular philanthropic donations from powerful entities within the state, most visibly from the Mormon church, which recently donated \$10 million to the local organization Shelter the Homeless. However, large donors trying to mitigate homelessness are not coordinating in a way to more strategically address the issue and measure progress.



POLICE SWEEPS

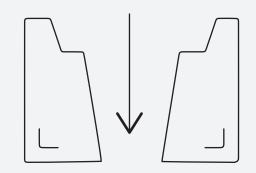
For decades, Salt Lake has employed major sweeps of homeless encampments when they become too big according to the health department, or a "nuisance" to housed individuals. Often during these sweeps arrests are made, belongings are confiscated and trashed, and unhoused individuals are newly displaced.

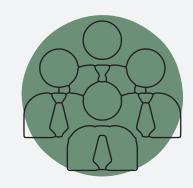


GOVERNMENTAL COMMITTEES

Utah's Lieutenant Governor heads a committee that was enacted by law in 1986 entitled The Homeless Coordinating Committee.
However, the committee has failed to lead a comprehensive and consistent strategy approach to solving the problem.

GAPS





INCONSISTENT & UNREPRESENTATIVE LEADERSHIP

Incomplete data, communication gaps, and inefficient decision-making frameworks have erased the progress made on homelessness from 2005 to 2015. Additionally, decision makers often fail to take into account the opinions of those with lived experience.



LACK OF DIVERSE REPRESENTATION IN NARRATIVE SHAPING

For now, those struggling with homelessness in Salt Lake City have very little sway in terms of how policy is implemented. In Utah, many marginalized populations remain unrepresented in the legislature and homelessness steering committees.



<u>UNCLEAR</u> <u>FUNDING STRATEGY</u>

Since the conclusion of Operation
Rio Grande, funding for Utah's
response to homelessness has been
subjected to the whims of the
legislature yearly, and no
comprehensive, long-term
budget has been set. This lack of
organization not only results in
reduced transparency, but also
adds bottlenecks and uncertainty
to the process.

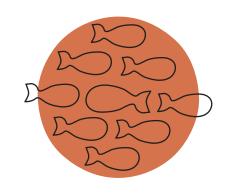


INEFFECTIVE, ENFORCEMENT-HEAVY METHODS

Despite the claims of governmental authorities, the current law enforcement-heavy approach seems particularly ill-suited to the demographics of Salt Lake's homeless population: In 2020, HUD recorded that of the 3,131 homeless persons in Salt Lake's continuum of care 31 percent are "severely mentally ill;" 13 percent are victims of domestic abuse; and 20 percent suffer from chronic substance abuse.

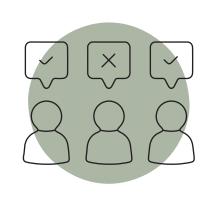


LEVERS OF CHANGE



CREATE HOMELESSNESS COUNCIL AND ENSURE DIVERSE & APPROPRIATE REPRESENTATION

Seven years after the end of Utah's 10-year housing first plan, Utah is finally creating its very first council whose sole prerogative is to address homelessness. This council should focus on long-term and holistic strategy. However, merely having a homelessness coordinator and council is not enough. The makeup of the council must be diverse and representative of the marginalized communities it seeks to help.



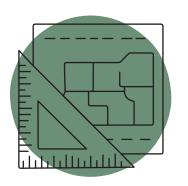
SHIFT PUBLIC OPINION

We identify public opinion as the primary obstacle to any long-term solution. Shifting public opinion is a slow and imprecise process, but ultimately the most important lever of change to solve homelessness in Salt Lake City. This will include a priority on collecting better data and using it to tell more accurate stories, as well as the voice of powerful stakeholders such as the Mormon Church in advocacy of supporting the unhoused.



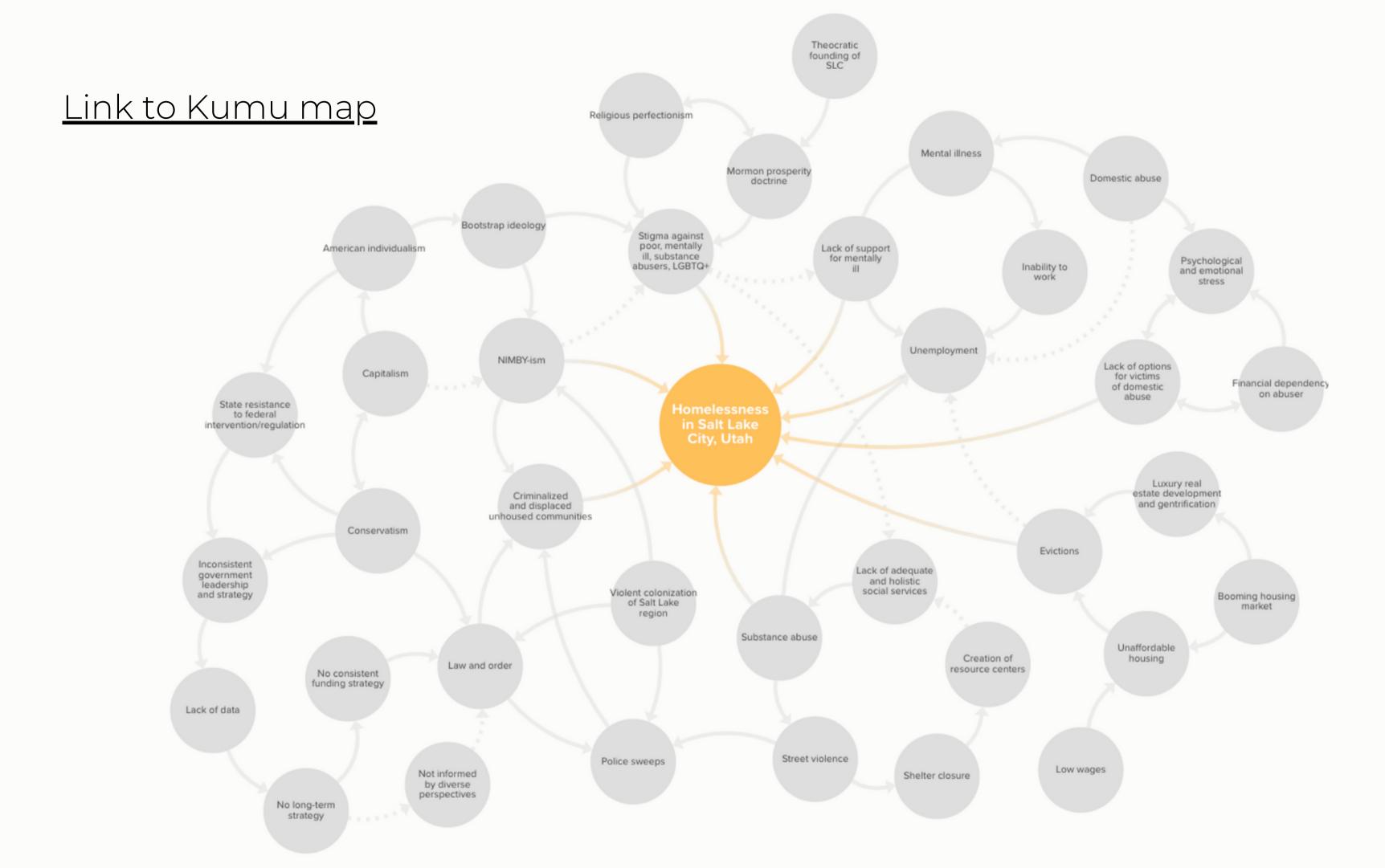
ORGANIZE FUNDING

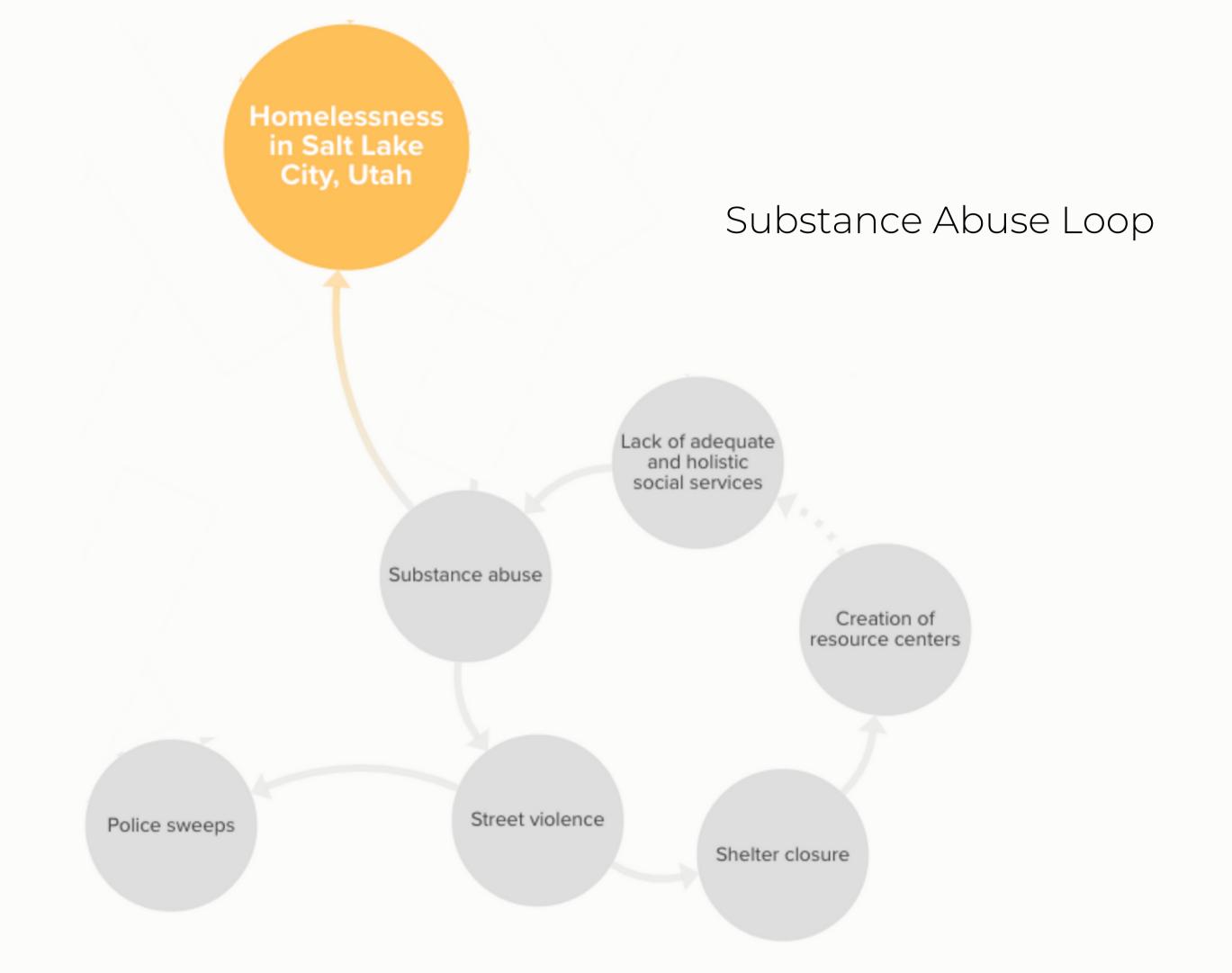
One of the first tasks for the homelessness council should be to create a philanthropic consortium and to develop a coordinated funding model. Addressing the lack of organization in how governmental funding and private-sector donations are spent is low-hanging fruit that can and should help to slow or even reverse the trend of increased homelessness over the last four years.



IMPLEMENT EVIDENCEBASED METHODS OF COMMUNITY CARE & CITY PLANNING

Once Utah policymakers begin focusing less on law enforcement-heavy responses that make little progress in solving the problem, evidence-based methods of care such as housing first type solutions are a cheap, efficient, and effective alternative response to homelessness.







Luxury real estate development and gentrification

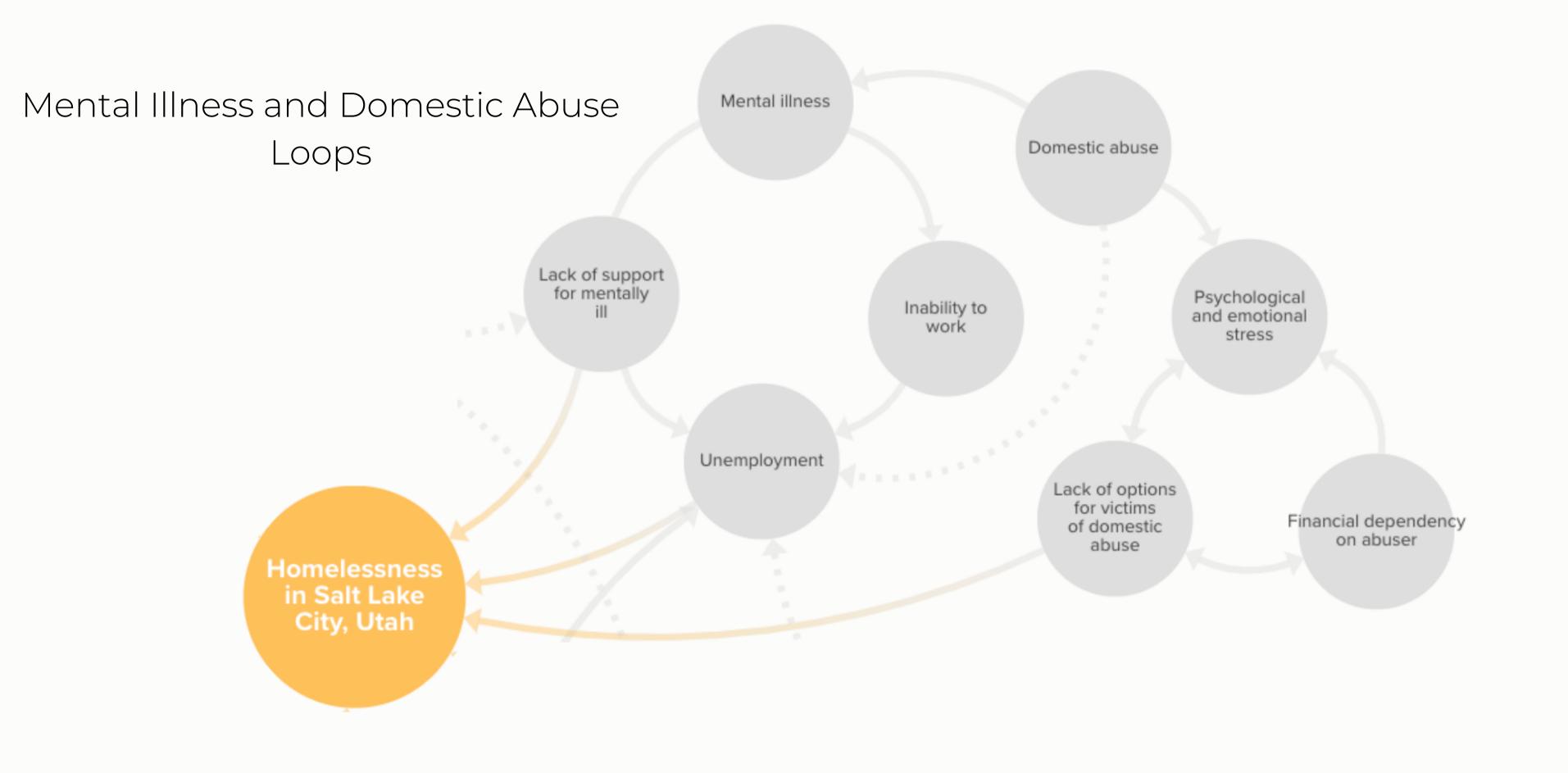
Evictions

Booming housing market

Unaffordable Housing Loop

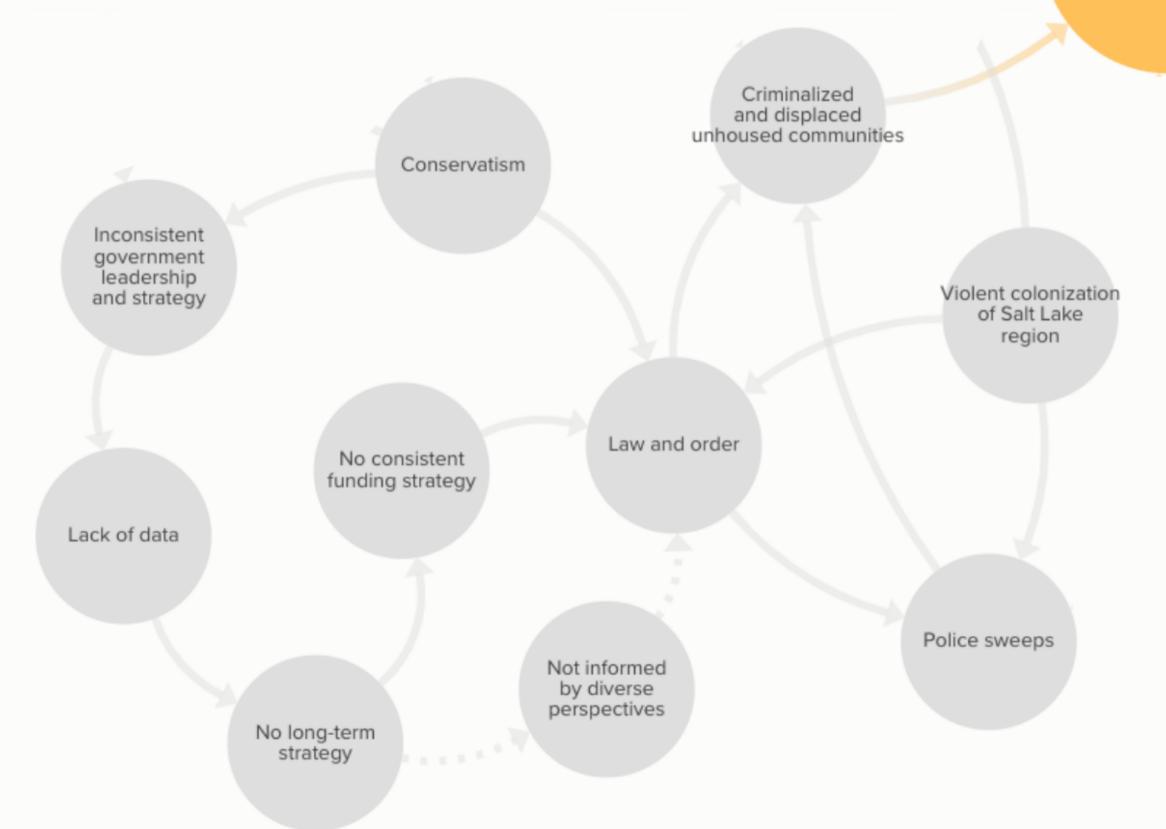
Unaffordable housing

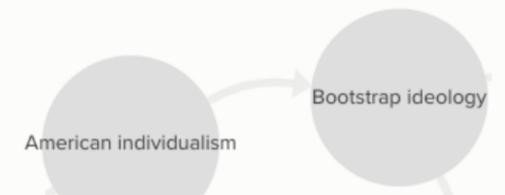
Low wages

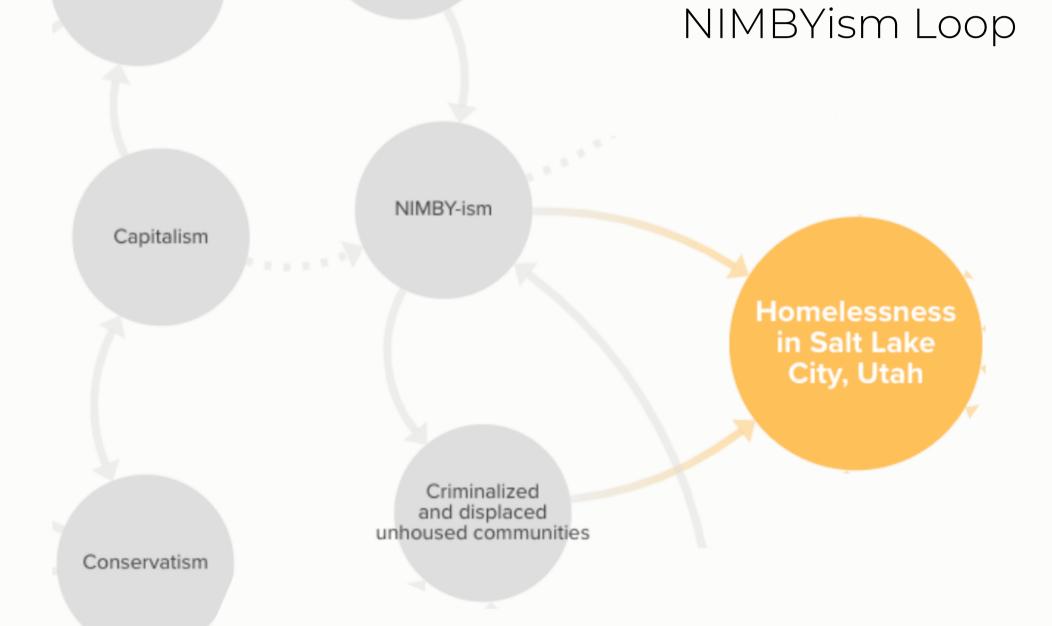


Government and Law Enforcement Loops

Homelessness in Salt Lake City, Utah







Theocratic founding of SLC

Religious perfectionism

Mormon prosperity doctrine

Stigma against poor, mentally ill, substance abusers, LGBTQ+

Religious Culture Loop

Homelessness in Salt Lake City, Utah